

**Department of Political Science**  
**6<sup>th</sup> Semester under FYUGP(2023-24)**  
**Paper-Political Economy in India**  
**One-liner Questions and Answer**

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1. What is political economy?

**Ans:** Political economy studies the relationship between politics, economics, and public policy.

2. Who introduced economic reforms in India in 1991?

**Ans:** P. V. Narasimha Rao and Manmohan Singh introduced the 1991 reforms.

3. What is LPG policy in India?

**Ans:** LPG stands for Liberalization, Privatization, and Globalization.

4. Who is the author of the book 'India After Gandhi'?

**Ans:** Ramachandra Guha

5. Who authored the book 'The Political Economy of Development in India '?

**Ans:** Pranab Bardhan

6. What is the main aim of liberalization?

**Ans:** Liberalization aims to reduce government control over the economy.

7. Which body prepared India's Five year plan?

**Ans:** Planning Commission of India

8. Which institution plans India's economic development today?

**Ans:** NITI Aayog guides India's development strategy.

9. Which Five-Year Plan focused on agriculture first?

**Ans:** The First Five-Year Plan focused mainly on agriculture.

10. Which constitutional body recommends tax sharing between Union and States of India?

**Ans:** Finance Commission of India.

11. What is the Green Revolution?

**Ans:** The Green Revolution increased food production through modern farming techniques.

12. Which National body helps design welfare and subsidy policies and suggests reforms?

**Ans:** The NITI Aayog helps design welfare and subsidy policies and suggests reforms.

13. What is the objective of the Food Security Act in India?

**Ans:** To provide subsidized food grains to poor households.

14. When was the National Food Security Act implemented?

**Ans:** It was implemented in 2013.

15. What is PDS?

**Ans:** The Public Distribution System is a government system that distributes essential food items at Subsidized prices.

16. Which body manages the PDS?

**Ans:** The Department of Food and Public Distribution, Government of India.

17. What is MNREGA?

**Ans:** It is a rural employment scheme guaranteeing 100 days of wage employment.

18. When was MNREGA launched?

**Ans:** It was launched in 2005.

19. What is the main objective of MNREGA?

**Ans:** To provide employment and improve rural livelihoods.

20. Who implements MNREGA?

**Ans:** The Ministry of Rural Development, Government of India.

21. What does MNREGA guarantee?

**Ans:** It guarantees 100 days of wage employment per rural household per year.

22. Planning Commission of India was replaced by which institution in 2015?

**Ans:** NITI Aayog

23. What is food security?

**Ans:** Food security means ensuring access to sufficient, safe, and nutritious food for all.

24. Which law ensures food security in India?

**Ans:** The National Food Security Act, 2013.

25. What is the main aim of PDS?

**Ans:** To supply food grains at affordable prices to the poor.

26. Name the international agreement that India is part of to combat climate change.

**Ans:** The international agreement that India is part of to combat climate change is the Paris Agreement.

27. What is the public sector in India?

**Ans:** The public sector consists of government-owned enterprises that provide goods and services.

28. Who authored the book "Un-British Rule in India" in 1901?

**Ans:** The book "Un-British Rule in India" was authored by Dadabhai Naoroji.

29. Why is the public sector important in India?

**Ans:** It promotes social welfare, infrastructure development, and balanced economic growth.

30. Why was License Raj introduced?

**Ans:** It was introduced to regulate industries and promote planned economic development.

31. When was the Make in India initiative launched?

**Ans:** The Make in India initiative was launched on 25 September 2014 by the Government of India.

32. What is the role of the public sector in the Indian economy?

**Ans:** It provides essential services and supports areas where private sector investment is low.

33. What was the License Raj in India?

**Ans:** The License Raj was a system of strict government control over business through licenses and permits (1947–1990).