

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Major 1st Semester Examination, 2024

POLSMAJ101-POLITICAL SCIENCE

UNDERSTANDING POLITICAL THEORY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

GROUP-A

		Answer any two questions from the following	$10 \times 2 = 20$		
1	•	Define Political Theory. Make a distinction between Political Theory and Political Philosophy.	2+8		
2	•	"The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles" — Discuss the Marxist Approach in the light of the above statement.	10		
3		Define State. Discuss the various elements of State.	3+7		
4	•	Analyse the concept of Equality. How far liberty, equality and justice are compatible with each other?			
		GROUP-B			
		Answer any three questions from the following	$6 \times 3 = 18$		
5,		Discuss the major features of the Behavioural Approach to the study of Political Science.	6		
6.		Point out the differences between Monistic and Pluralistic theory.	6		
7.		Discuss the main tenets of Idealist theory of State.	6		
8.		Write a note on the relationship between State and Society.	6		
9.		Briefly discuss the major characteristics of Socialism.	6		
10		Briefly analyse the concept of Positive Liberty.	6		
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		GROUP-C			
11	•	Write short notes on any four of the following:	$3 \times 4 = 12$		
	(a)	Empirical Approach			
	(b)	die ongin of the state	3		
	(c)	De-jure and De-facto Sovereignty	3		
		Concept of justice	3		
		Characteristics of Liberalism	3		
	(f)	Nationalism as a Political ideal.	3		
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GROUP-D

12.	Write the correct	answers from the op	tions given below:		$1 \times 10 = 10$	
(i)	i) "Man is by nature a Political animal" was quoted by:					
	(A) Plato	(B) Socrates	(C) Cicero	(D) Aristotle		
(ii)	Which of the fo theory?	approaches to Political				
	(A) Class	(B) Philosophical	(C) Scientific	(D) Liberal	In.	
(iii)	"Behavioural approach was a Protest movement in Political Science" is quoted by:					
	(A) Robert H. Da	hl	(B) David Easton	S'()-	
	(C) Charles Merr	iam	(D) None of them	.10	8	
(iv)	Which of the following is not an element of State?					
	(A) Government	(B) Territory	(C) Sovereignty	(D) Politics		
(v)	7) The life of man in Hobbes' "state of nature" was:					
	(A) Bright	(B) Peaceful	(C) Industrious	(D) Poor		
(vi)	In popular sovereignty the ultimate source of authority is from:					
	(A) God	(B) Government	(C) Community	(D) People		
(vii)	The term 'liberty'	means:				
	(A) rights	(B) authority	(C) Pluralism	(D) Freedom		
(viii)	In his defense to individual liberty, John Locke proposed for:					
	(A) Full sovereign state		(B) Unlimited gover	rnment		
	(C) Socialist state		(D) Limited government	ment		
(ix)	'Two concepts of Liberty' was an essay written by:					
	(A) Isaiah Berlin	(B) Voltaire	(C) Amartya Sen	(D) Karl Popper	4	
(x)) John Locke is associated with which theory of rights?					
	(A) legal rights	(B) natural rights	(C) collective rights	(D) state rights		
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