UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2019

CC7-POLITICAL SCIENCE (307)

NATIONALISM IN INDIA

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

GROUP-A

1. Answer any *two* questions from the following: 12×2 = 24

   (a) Evaluate the major socio-religious reform movements in the nineteenth century India. 12

   (b) Discuss the nature and impact of the Non-cooperation movement in India. 12

   (c) Critically evaluate the nature of women's participation in the Indian national movement. 12

   (d) Examine the nature of communal politics in colonial India. 12

GROUP-B

2. Answer any *four* questions from the following: 6×4 = 24

   (a) Point out the major tenets of the sub-altern approach to the study of Indian nationalism.

   (b) Briefly discuss the nature of Swadeshi Movement.

   (c) Discuss the political implications of the Civil Disobedience Movement.

   (d) Evaluate the nature of working class movement in pre-independent India.

   (e) Assess the nature of Peasant Movements in colonial India.

   (f) Discuss the nature of anti-caste movement in pre-independent India.

GROUP-C

3. Write short notes on any *four* of the following: 3×4 = 12

   (a) Imperialist approach to the study of Indian nationalism

   (b) Role of Moderates in Indian National Movement

   (c) Quit India Movement

   (d) Congress Socialist Party

   (e) Tribal Movements during colonial period

   (f) Two-Nation Theory.

——×——

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2019

GE-POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.

The question paper contains GE-301 and GE-302.
The candidates are required to answer any *one* from *two* courses.
Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

GE-301
READING GANDHI

GROUP-A

Answer any *two* questions from the following   12×2 = 24

1. Discuss Gandhi's critique of Western civilization as found in 'Hind Swaraj'.   12

2. Discuss the Gandhian concept of 'Satyagraha'. Examine the relevance of 'Satyagraha' in the present times.   6+6

3. Examine the concept of Nationalism in Gandhian Thought.   12

4. Write a note on Gandhiji's role in empowering women.   12

GROUP-B

Answer any *four* questions from the following   6×4 = 24

5. Why does Gandhi consider untouchability as the greatest curse of 'Hinduism'?   6

6. Elucidate the position of Gandhi on communal harmony.   6

7. Highlight Gandhi's view on religious tolerance.   6

8. Discuss the view of Gandhiji on 'Passive Resistance'.   6

Turn Over

9. Discuss Gandhiji's role in 'Quit India Movement'. 6

10. Briefly discuss Gandhiji's views on 'Sarvodaya'. 6

GROUP-C

11. Write short notes on any *four* of the following: 3×4 = 12

(a) Anti-Apartheid Movement
(b) 'Nai Talim' system
(c) 'Gandhigiri'
(d) Concept of 'Gram Swaraj'
(e) Gandhi on minorities
(f) Gandhiji and Swadeshi Movement.

GE-302

FEMINISM: THEORY AND PRACTICE

GROUP-A

Answer any *two* questions from the following 12×2 = 24

1. Examine the core theme of Socialist Feminism. 12

2. Discuss the origin and evolution of Feminism in USA. 12

3. Write a note on the Social Reform Movements for the emancipation of women during the colonial period in India. 12

4. Explain in brief the history of women's participation in Indian Freedom Struggle led by Mahatma Gandhi. 12

GROUP-B

Answer any *four* questions from the following 6×4 = 24

5. What role does Patriarchy play in respect to Feminist Theory? 6

6. Discuss the basic issues related to Gender and Politics. 6

7. Distinguish between the 'visible' and 'invisible' work. 6

8. Discuss the distinction between Sex and Gender. 6

9. Examine the role of Media in protecting the rights of women in India. 6

10. Write a note on the Property Rights of Women in India as enshrined in the Constitution of India. 6

GROUP-C

3×4 = 12

11. Write short notes on any *four* of the following theme:

(a) Eco-Feminism

(b) Patrilineal and Matrilineal Social Practices

(c) Sexual Division of Labour

(d) Feminism in Socialist Countries

(e) Gender Relations in family

(f) Methods of computing women's work

(g) Post-Modern Feminism

(h) Radical Feminism.

——×——

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours/Programme 3rd Semester Examination, 2019

SEC1-POLITICAL SCIENCE (301)

PUBLIC OPINION AND SURVEY RESEARCH

Time Allotted: 2 Hours   Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.

GROUP-A

বিভাগ-ক

खण्ड-क

Answer any *two* questions from the following   12×2 = 24

নিম্নলিখিত যে-কোন দুটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও

तलका कुनै दुईवटा प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्

1. What is meant by public opinion? Analyse the role of public opinion in a democratic political system.   6+6

   জনমত বলতে কি বোঝ ? গণতান্ত্রিক রাজনৈতিক ব্যবস্থায় জনমতের ভূমিকা পর্যালোচনা কর।

   जनमत के हो ? लोकतान्त्रिक राजनीतिक प्रणालिमा जनमतको भूमिका विश्लेषण गर्नुहोस्।

2. What are the possibilities and pitfalls of prediction in polling research?   6+6

   ভোটদান গবেষণার ক্ষেত্রে অনুমানের সম্ভাবনা ও ফাঁদগুলি কি কি ?

   मतदान अनुसन्धानमा भविष्यवाणी को संभावना र खतराहरू के-कस्ता छन् ?

3. What are the different types of sampling? Discuss the importance of sampling in social research.   4+8

   নমুনায়নের প্রকারভেদগুলি কি কি ? সামাজিক গবেষণার ক্ষেত্রে নমুনায়নের গুরুত্ব আলোচনা কর।

   नमूनाकरणका विभिन्न प्रकारहरू के-के हुन् ? सामाजिक अनुसन्धानमा नमूनाकरणको महत्त्वबारे छलफल गर्नुहोस्।

4. Discuss different types and forms of interview.   12

সাক্ষাৎকারের বিভিন্ন ধরন ও প্রকারভেদ সম্পর্কে আলোচনা কর।

अन्तर्वार्ताको विभिन्न प्रकार र रूपहरू-को छल-फल गर्नुहोस्।

GROUP-B

বিভাগ-খ

खण्ड-ख

Answer any *four* questions from the following   6×4 = 24

নিম্নলিখিত যে-কোন *চারটি* প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও

कुनै <u>चारवटा</u> प्रश्नको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस्

5. What are the objectives of survey research?   6

জরিপ গবেষণার উদ্দেশ্যগুলি কি ?

सर्वेक्षण अनुसन्धानका उद्देश्यहरू के हुन् ?

6. How statistics may be used for both quantitative and qualitative research?   6

পরিমাণগত এবং গুণমানগত গবেষণার ক্ষেত্রে পরিসংখ্যান কিভাবে ব্যবহার করা যেতে পারে ?

तथ्यांक कसरी परिमाणात्मक र गुणात्मक दुवै अनुसंधानको लागी प्रयोग गर्न सकिन्छ ?

7. What is psephology? Indicate its importance.   3+3

নির্বাচিত ভোটদান প্রভৃতির ধারা নির্ণায়ক বিদ্যা বলতে কি বোঝ ? এর গুরুত্ব চিহ্নিত কর।

Psephology भनेको के हो ? यसको महत्त्व दर्साउनुहोस्।

8. Calculate the Arithmetic mean from the following distribution: 6
নিম্নলিখিত বন্টন থেকে গাণিতিক গড় নির্ণয় করঃ

निम्नलिखित वितरणबाट अंकगणित माध्य गणना गर्नुहोस् :

x :	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
f :	37	81	43	24	9	6

9. Calculate standard deviation from the following data: 6
নিম্নলিখিত তথ্য থেকে পরিমিত ব্যবধান নির্ণয় করঃ

निम्नलिखित डाटाबाट मानक विचलन गणना गर्नुहोस्।

x :	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24

10. Calculate sample correlation coefficient of the variables x and y. 6

নিম্নে বর্ণিত x এবং y উপাত্তের মধ্যে সংশ্লেষাঙ্ক নির্ণয় কর।

चर x र y को नमूना सहसंबन्ध गुणांक गणना गर्नुहोस्।

x :	20	22	24	26	30	34	36	32	35
y :	30	28	24	20	19	21	18	17	20

GROUP-C

বিভাগ-গ

खण्ड-ग

11. Write short notes on any *four* of the following: 3×4 = 12

নিম্নলিখিত প্রশ্ন থেকে যে-কোন *চারটির* সংক্ষিপ্ত উত্তর দাওঃ

कुनै <u>चार-वटामा</u> संक्षिप्त टिप्पणी लेख्नुहोस् :

(a) Discuss different types of opinion polls.

মতামত ভোটের বিভিন্ন ধরনগুলি কি ?

विभिन्न प्रकारका जनमत सर्वेक्षणहरूको चर्चा गर्नुहोस्।

(b) Difference between primary data and secondary data

প্রাথমিক তথ্য ও মাধ্যমিক তথ্যের মধ্যে পার্থক্য

प्राथमिक डेटा र सहायक डेटा बीचको भिन्नता

(c) Characteristics of a good hypothesis

সঠিক অনুমানের বৈশিষ্ট্যগুলি কি ?

राम्रो परिकल्पना को विशेष्ताहरू

(d) Quota Sampling

কোটা নমুনায়ন

कोटा नमूनाकरण

(e) Sampling error

নমুনায়নের ক্রটি

नमूनाकरण त्रुटि

(f) Methods of data collection.

তথ্য সংগ্রহের পদ্ধতি।

डेटा संग्रह गर्ने विधिहरू।

——×——

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2019

CC5-POLITICAL SCIENCE (305)

COMPARATIVE POLITICS

Time Allotted: 2 Hours   Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

GROUP-A

1. Answer any *two* questions from the following: 12×2 = 24

   (a) What do you mean by comparative politics? Discuss the nature, scope and limitations of comparative politics.   3+9 = 12

   (b) What role do conventions play in the working of the British Constitution? Why are conventions obeyed?   8+4 = 12

   (c) Make a comparative discussion between House of Representatives in USA and House of Commons in UK.   12

   (d) Compare the powers and position of the British Crown with that of the US President.   12

GROUP-B

2. Answer any *four* questions from the following: 6×4 = 24

   (a) Briefly discuss input-output analysis as laid down by David Easton.   6

   (b) Write a note on Constitutionalism.   6

   (c) Explain the working of Judicial Review in U.S.A.   6

   (d) Compare British Cabinet System with that of Cabinet System of the United States.   6

   (e) Write a note on federalism in USA.   6

   (f) Describe the role of political parties in USA and UK.   6

GROUP-C

3. Write short notes on any *four* of the following: 3×4 = 12

   (a) Phases of development of comparative politics   3

   (b) Dicey's Rule of Law   3

   (c) Democratic Centralism   3

   (d) Referendum   3

   (e) Committee System in USA   3

   (f) Judicial System in China.   3

———×———

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2019

CC6-POLITICAL SCIENCE (306)

PUBLIC POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Time Allotted: 2 Hours   Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

GROUP-A

1.	Answer any *two* questions from the following:	12×2 = 24
	(a) Define public policy. Discuss briefly the major characteristics of public policy.	4+8 = 12
	(b) Discuss the structure and functions of the Panchayati Raj Institutions with reference to the Constitution 73rd (Amendment) Act, 1992.	6+6 = 12
	(c) Define budget. Discuss the budgetary process in India.	2+10 = 12
	(d) Evaluate the role of Right to Information (RTI) as a mechanism of redressal of public grievances in India.	12

GROUP-B

2.	Answer any *four* questions from the following:	6×4 = 24
	(a) Briefly explain the public policy making process in India.	6
	(b) Write a note on the major provisions of the Constitution 74th (Amendment) Act, 1992.	6
	(c) Briefly discuss the significance of budget.	6
	(d) Write a note on Lokpal as a mechanism for the redressal of public grievance.	6
	(e) Evaluate the public service delivery system in India.	6
	(f) Write a note on National Health Mission.	6

GROUP-C

3.	Write short notes on any *four* of the following:	3×4 = 12
	(a) Incremental model of Public Policy	3
	(b) Concept of Decentralization	3
	(c) Performance Budgeting	3
	(d) E-Governance	3
	(e) MGNREGA	3
	(f) Right to Education.	3

———×———